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The rule of Tallaght

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NOTES AND CORRECTIONS TO MONASTERY OF TALLAGHT

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NOTES AND CORRECTIONS TO 'MONASTERY OF TALLAGHT'

- p. 127, 5. indorsa means here 'for example, as an illustration.' So at 133, 13 and 135, 3.
 - 18. Fobenad and doairmescad are 3 pl. pres.; the subject is scéla.
 - 19 seq. Manip lór, etc.: read Manip lór dano réim ind aíso cuibse bess isind eclais imbé 7 ma tairmesca cách deit: 'If the course of life of those who come to confess in the church where thou art be not satisfactory, and if each hinders thee.' Cf. 153, 15, conditoirmesc Colcu díob.
 - 128, 4. Read ma dognet ni airiut 'if they do anything at thy bidding.' Cf. dogniat ni airiut, and other examples of this idiom quoted by Stokes, Suppl. to Thes. Palaeohib. 51.
 - 7-14 In F 34 Colgan interprets the second sentence as if docoiset referred to the monks, not to the poor. In the third sentence, I would now emend acht is dual duit-siu chena na-rrabe sentaiscide diad na mbocht di chrochtaib saille, etc. 'But it is proper for thee, moreover, not to keep a hoard of bacon and butter after (distributing to) the poor.' diad na mbocht = 7 a riachtanus arna bochtaibh, F 34.
 - 28. ni ... gabt(h)a-som, preterite passive, 'it was not recited.' But this chapter has fallen into confusion and Colgan reproduces only the last part in F 36.
 - 129, 6. *i curp lai* 'in the principal service of the day': cf. corp na sollumna, H. 3. 18, 354a. (Plummer).
 - 130, 10. conatallad: Marstrander would refer this to tallaim. If so, read con-da-tallad, 'that there should be room for her': cf. Ml. 30 c 17, feib dundalla.
- 130, 8. 2 Here, and throughout T, iarméirge and maten are rendered by 'nocturns' and 'matins,' In the

- present volume I translate iarméirge by 'matins' and maiten by 'lauds'. See p. xxiii supra.
- 131, 1-12. Auis aue cannot (as I formerly suggested) be a corruption of Averte faciem, which would be inappropriate.
 - 3-6. This sentence (= C 1) is displaced and should follow im espartan (1, 9.).
 - 12. Read perhaps orôit Columbae ' (Iesu) sancte', etc.
- 132, 20. mérai (méra) is a bye-form of sméra: see Hermathena, 1926, p. 63.
- 133, 1. Read il-laithiu choir and see note on F 64.
 - 12. Translate: 'Now, for instance, the reaper, the thresher, the sledge-wielder, the ditcher—the additional task of each of them is the Three Fifties.' As to indorsa, see note on 127,5. The sledge or mallet was used in driving hedge-stakes, etc.: see Laws iv. 112, 13.
- 134, 5. Before *Indeuin crábid* an interrogative (cissí or cote) seems to have dropped out.
 - 27. derb-gelsid, perhaps from derb-gellim, not (as suggested in the Notes) dogellim.
- 135, 1. Feil sruith 'a high festival' (Plummer): cf. C 30, litha sruithi.
 - 9. ind litain is probably a corruption of a proper name, and has nothing to do with littin 'porridge.' The sentence has no parallel in F.
 - 22. Arfoemad etc.: see note on F 75.
 - 27. ind raibi athcomarc lat iar do chúl ria tudechd húc: Meyer, ZCP x. 350, renders 'Hadst thou permission on thy behalf before coming here?': rather, 'permission at thy back,' i.e. to back up thy request.
 - 36, 1. gobuid: a slip for gobuind = gobaind. Adamnán, Vit. Columb. i. 6, tells of a holy man who was punished for taking with him on a voyage a monk who had not obtained permission from his abbot.
 - 14. in tan tra rocloither imtecht duini: see note on F 77.
- 137, 17. The corresponding passage in F 86 shows that a line or two have dropped out after immun Maire.

- For the meaning of cu ird-comgi, see note on F 86.
- 26. For Na read Nach.
- immannirt should be emended to immon teirt: see note on F 90.
 - 10, 12. For sechis read acht is (as in F 90). The contraction s is wrongly expanded.
- 139, 20. co diad 'to the end (of the first fifty)': so in 1. 25 and 140, 1, diat = 'end of the second and third fifty.' In 1. 26 read exaudi.
- 140, 5-6. This sentence belongs to c. 32: as to the meaning see note on F 101.
 - 7. Read oc Caill Uatne = F 101, ag Coill Uaithne.
- 141, 11. For muim read muini = maini 'gifts.'
 - 22. Read frit menmain: see note on F 106.
 - 23. ma fosnather trist do tabirt is a strange construction: insert co before trist, and render 'to the point of cursing.'
 - 29. tresind dochrad-sa fris 'on account of this affront to him': but the whole sentence is obscure.
- 142, 2. Thurneysen emends arnachat-tarda eislis 'that he might not show thee disrespect' (Kuhn's Zeits. 1917, 48.) F 106 has d'eagla go ccuirfeadh se a ttarcaisne é.
- 143, 8-13. This seems to be founded on Deuteronomy xxiii. 18, where Vulg. canis = 'sodomite'.
 - 27, 30 indmat, indaim: as to the forms, see Bergin in Eriu x. 112.
- 144, 1. Aithrus is probably a misspelling of aires 'appointment, interview.'
 - 16. Cell Golpin may be Kilgulbin in Kerry (Plummer).
 - 28. Read perhaps ni bes érchóiliud lat 'anything that you resolve on.'
 - 29. Biat i fus cen scucht, 'I will be here without moving,'
 (Plummer). Cf. F 12 fuireach do chomhnuidhe isin
 áit inar gnáth let bheith. Biat is the Middle Irish
 form for Old Irish bia: see O'Malley, Verbs of
 Existence, Eriu vi. 40.
- 145, 15. Read figill nona: nach is a wrong expansion.

- 146,32 seq. For a similar pious fraud, see the anecdote about Colum Cille in Mart. Oeng. 147.
- 147, 7. Read cachae as in 1. 10. The mistake is due to allae sin in 1. 6.
 - 16. A parallel to this alternate mortifying and reviving will be found in the Life of Maedóc, c. 29 (V.S.H. ii. 152).
- 148, 22. aircend = airchinn 'front' in Ml. 131 c 12, Wb. 21 c 6: here it means 'beginning.'
 - 23. cupidinem, 'appetite for food,' not 'lust.'
 - 26. Do selbi: Thurneysen in Kuhn's Zeits. 1917, 63 regards this phrase as a predicative genitive.
- 149, 8. fofeiscren: to the illustrations given in the glossary, add ZCP xi. 84, Dligid cach forcradach fescred, and Meyer's note 5 in Sitz.-Ber. Preuss. Akad. 1919, 97.
- 150, 9. For isuidiu Plummer happily suggests is úigiu: 'because Mael Ruain (+ 792) was younger than Samdan' (+ 739). The Mid. Ir. úigiu for O. Ir. óa may be due to the scribe.
 - 23. conimthisi comarli hude: Plummer renders 'that she may seek counsel from herself (hu[a]de)'. Marstander suggests 'that counsel may come from her to me.' (con · im · thi-si).
 - 28. Read dasrenga ass 'draws it out' (Marstrander). A similar anecdote is told of Mael Ruain in the Life of Maignenn, Silv. Gad. i. 41.
 - 41. taobatu fri banscala 'association with women,' cf. SnR 6050, a toebtu cen discailiud; 6575, ar mbeith iar mbes hi toebtaid. (Plummer).
- 150, 11-13. Plummer refers atrocuil to asrocóili with infixed -d-, and suggests fo láim for folam: 'if his mind has resolved that (the thought) is not to be indulged by thee, even secretly,' etc. The person changes, as also in the first sentence of the chapter. For fo láim, cf. Rev. Celt, xiii 121.
 - 21. Read perhaps níco mór-bríg laisim imbi-som 'he does not trouble much about it: 'cf. 152, 6, níco mór-brig laisim and.

- Translate « When it is irksome for all the elderly persons with whom thou livest not to be indulged. » etc.
- tr. 'to earn increased penance for themselves.'

 77 is probably for eter 'at all.'
 - 2. Read: «that thou shouldst do.»
 - 10. conidcoisrecad epscob 'till a bishop blessed him:' and so in l. 15.
 - 23. Nico tald-som der dia gruad: cf. V. Bran i. 46, 17, Ni gattad dér dia gruaid.
- 156, 4. Read dosforslaic C. C.
 - 7-12. If this paragraph is to be read in close connection with what precedes it can hardly be interpreted literally: in the Irish climate the crops are only beginning to grow at Easter. Either we must understand the 'three months' to be those following Easter, leading up to a sort of harvest thanksgiving in August (like our 'Lady Day in harvest'): or else the whole passage is to be understood as metaphorical, the three months being those between Christmas and Easter, which are the seed time of the Christian life, and culminate in the Easter festival.
- do air(i)semh offrind: cf. oc tairisim oifroind 'attending mass, 'C 32 (Plummer).
- of folongim with duplication of the preposition. This verb shows a great variety of forms: the most usual Mid. Ir. ro-perfect seems to be foroelangair, -foerlangair: see Strachan, Deponent, Trans. Philol. Soc. 1894, p. 530; Atkinson, Glossary to P.H. (foroerlangair): Metr. Dinds. III. 442, 36 (v. l.) But one also finds (sing.) foroelagair (fothroelagair, Metr. Dinds. iv. 38) -forlangair, Irish Texts Soc. vi, glossary, with other forms given by Strachan.
- 158, 32. For bos we should perhaps read foss and translate: 'The one attribute with which I have never heard any one find fault is steadiness.' See note on F 67.

- 159, 23. tairfid is ro-pret. of doadbat, = deuterotonic doar-buid.
- 160, 3. is disliu (= dilsiu) det-siu torutt na n-derlam quam ildis. Mael Ruain's decision is stated in the same words as Hilary's in c. 4. Cf. F 35.
 - 9. in prandio: Plummer thinks that this means 'in the matter of refection.' The first part of the paragraph would naturally mean 'He does not think it right for any one to make confession on every point to the person to whom thou confessest:' but then there would be a sudden change of persons, and the paragraph as a whole seems to be adressed to the confessor, not to the penitent.
 - 15. Nicon gus: Plummer would render 'He does not think it dangerous,' comparing O'Dav. 1044, gus.i. gáibthech.
- 162, 25. Translate: 'the fire kindled the monastery of Clonnacnoise': atarann from adannaim with otiose infix. Presumably we are not to understand that the monks themselves were burnt.
 - 42. Delete 'that.'
- 163, 8. cum decimis iis. I withdraw my suggestion of cum decem filiis. Read perhaps cum exisset 'when he had left his home: '(e)xis may have been misinterpreted by a scribe as = decimis, and the bar over iis may be a mark of deletion.
 - 24. Plummer suggests ba adbal a sochraide.
- 164, 4. Read 'I am the wretch whom Eochu mentioned, ' (Plummer).
 - 17. Read perhaps dochrach són, 'that is harmful:' the comment of some scribe.
 - 22. cobair foreissed: cf. Meyer, Early Irish Poetry, p. 1, cen nech foré cobair. Plummer would render 'help which would avail, if an onset were made (by an ally) which would help: but an onset is made too late, which does not help.' This paragraph is excerpted in B. M. Add. 30512, f 33 b, with nacon airitea for nadcon airiti, but no other variant.

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